

# Calibration of Data - Lab

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# Brief Summary of Lab



- ⌘ Why and how to pick a calibrator?
- ⌘ ISC calibration tools (PTI and KI)
- ⌘ Target vetting criteria
- ⌘ Sample systems to try out
  - ☑ Lab demos
- ⌘ Overview of samples

# Why do we care about calibration?

## ⌘ Interferometer response function

- ☑ system visibility - uniform disk

- ☑  $|V|^2 = (2 J_1(x) / x)^2$  where  $x = \pi B \vartheta / \lambda$

## ⌘ System response

- ☑ geometry with respect to target

- ☑ brightness

- ☑ color

- ☑ bolometric flux -  $F_{\text{bol}} = \pi \sigma T^4 / m$  where  $m$  -  
best fit factor

## ⌘ Known Solutions

- ☑ binaries, resolved stars, circularly symmetric, simple geometry, limb-darkening, etc.

## ⌘ Peripheral Knowledge

- ☑ estimated angular diameter
- ☑ astrophysics of source (e.g. variability)
- ☑ spectral energy distribution (SED)
- ☑ Hipparcos/SIMBAD/ADS classifications

## ⌘ Scientific Experiment - goals

# Tools - getCal and gcGui



⌘ Written by A. F. Boden as part of PTI reduction tools suite. Now upgraded and maintained by ISC at IPAC/Caltech for use with Keck Interferometer.

- ☑ getCal is original command line interface

- ☑ gcGui is updated GUI with most common functions and additional modules for added functionality

# getCal GUI: The Basics



# List of potential calibrators

```
getCal Return -- mira
/proj/isc/iscSoftware/src/tools/planning/getCal/getCal-2.4/getCal -targetName mira -search

### GUI catalog from getCal v2.4pre5 ###
# Resolving target mira via SIMBAD
# target HD 14386
# HIP 10826 (HD 14386) has his variability flag set (3)
# with 1.303 mag scatter in 82 observations
# Simbad Search HD 14386: Type: Variable Star of Mira Cet type M7IIIe V=3.04
HDC14386 02 19 20.793 -02 58 39.513 0.010 -0.239 6.5 6.5 M5e-M9e 0.0 xxx xxx trg
# HIP 8998 (HD 11803) has his multiple component flag set to C
# the C designation indicates solutions were found for individual components
# 2 components:
# B component -- V= 6.844
# A component -- V= 6.936 at sep 1.163 arcsec/PA 238 deg
# Simbad Search HD 11803: Type: Variable Star F7V+... V=6.01
HDC11803 01 55 53.832 +01 50 59.935 0.159 0.190 6.0 4.7 F7V+... 7.6 0.36+/-0.2 cal HDC1
# Simbad Search HD 12641: Type: Variable Star G5II-III+... V=5.956
HDC12641 02 03 48.171 -00 20 24.903 0.083 -0.043 6.0 4.4 G5V+... 4.7 0.33+/-0.5 cal HDC14
# Simbad Search HD 13456: Type: Star F5V V=6.008
HDC13456 02 11 22.226 -10 03 07.783 -0.028 -0.171 6.0 4.9 F5V 7.3 0.32+/-0.2 cal HDC14386
# HIP 10305 (HD 13612) has his multiple component flag set to C
# the C designation indicates solutions were found for individual components
# 1 components:
# A component -- V= 5.772
# HIP 10305 (HD 13612) has his astrometric source flag set to P
# with solution quality listed as A
# Simbad Search HD 13612: Type: High proper-motion Star F8V V=5.68
HDC13612 02 12 47.542 -02 23 37.094 0.375 -0.073 5.7 4.3 F8V 1.7 0.39+/-0.3 cal HDC14386
# Simbad Search HD 14691: Type: Star F0V V=5.437
HDC14691 02 22 01.532 -10 46 39.121 0.156 -0.082 5.4 4.7 F0V 7.8 0.45+/-0.1 cal HDC14386
# HIP 11046 (HD 14690) has his variability flag set (1)
# with 0.006 mag scatter in 88 observations
```

Save Close

# Bolometric flux information

```
getCal Return -- mira

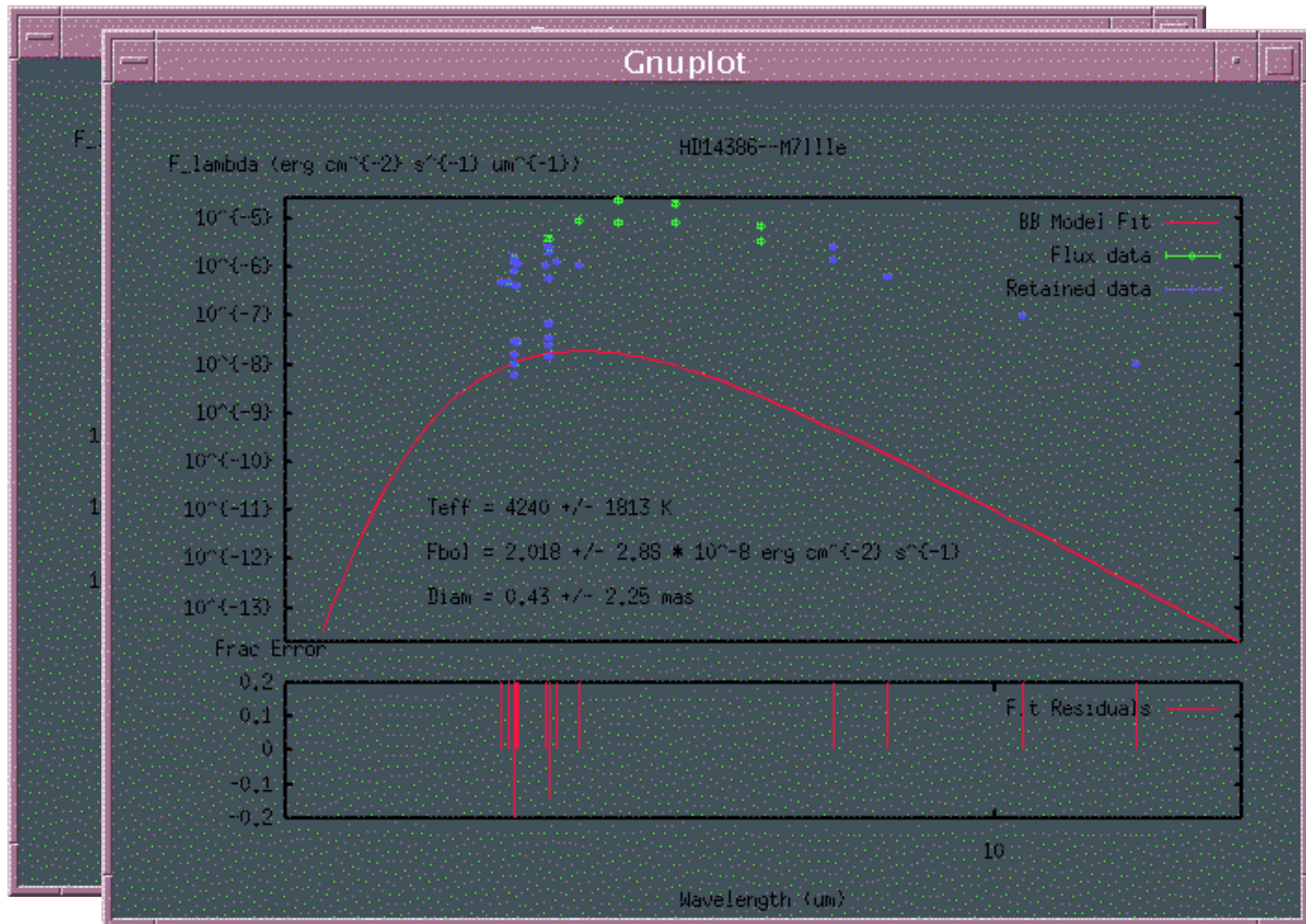
### Bolometric Flux Diameter Fit results ###
# option stdin
# 1 command line arguments processed
#
# Star      Teff(K)      ChiSqr      DOF      F_bol (10^-8      Ang      Filters
#           +/-      /DOF      DOF      erg/cm2/s)      Size (mas)
1 HD11803--F7V+... 6002 +/- 67 0.22 17 12.26 +/- 0.174 0.53 +/- 0.09 ..XXXXXX...
2 HD12641--G5II-III+... 4657 +/- 38 0.25 19 15.83 +/- 0.335 1.01 +/- 0.16 ....XX
3 HD13456--F5V 6554 +/- 142 0.31 22 11.78 +/- 0.211 0.44 +/- 0.10 .....XX
4 HD13612--F8V 6212 +/- 73 0.16 32 15.96 +/- 0.206 0.57 +/- 0.09 .....XX
5 HD14386--M7IIIe 4240 +/- 1813 75.34 35 2.018 +/- 2.88 0.43 +/- 2.25 ..XXXXXXXXXX
6 HD14690--F0Vn 7083 +/- 150 0.48 14 20.33 +/- 0.358 0.49 +/- 0.12 ..XXX.....
7 HD14691--F0V 7062 +/- 94 0.22 15 19.52 +/- 0.228 0.49 +/- 0.08 ....XX.....
8 HD15130--A0V 13879 +/- 356 0.12 29 75.23 +/- 3.14 0.25 +/- 0.04 .....XXXXXXX
9 HD16673--F6V 6244 +/- 62 0.20 30 13.99 +/- 0.159 0.53 +/- 0.08 .....XX
10 HD16970--A3V 10309 +/- 130 0.13 36 160.2 +/- 2.37 0.65 +/- 0.08 ...XXXXXXXXXX
11 HD17616--K2V 4339 +/- 59 0.72 7 7.817 +/- 0.335 0.81 +/- 0.23 ..X...X.
12 HD17791--K5V 2845 +/- 143 4.14 2 13.03 +/- 1.59 2.44 +/- 1.44 XX...
13 HD18012--G8V 4496 +/- 45 0.32 7 8.001 +/- 0.23 0.77 +/- 0.15 ..X...X.

### Simbad query results ###
# Simbad Search HD 11803: Type: Variable Star F7V+... V=6.01
Type: Variable Star
ICRS 2000.0 = 01 55 53.8319 +01 50 59.935 A [19.06 8.29 56] 1997A&A...323L..49
P
FK5 1950.0 = 01 53 18.61 +01 36 10.9 A [106.23 48.22 55] 1997A&A...323L..49P
FK4 1950 = 01 53 18.59 +01 36 10.8 A [106.20 48.22 56] 1997A&A...323L..49P
gal = 153.67 -57.12
mb, mv = 6.57 V? 6.01 --- sp type = F7V+...
pm = 158.44 190.44 A [ 2.09 .95 56] 1997A&A...323L..49P
rv = v +30.4 B [ 2] 1953GCRV..C.....OW

Save Close
```



# Photometric fits...



# Sky coverage - annually and nightly

getCal GUI v0.53dev (getCal v2.4pre5)

File Help

Object Designation/Pos

☐ No Calibrators ☒ LC V ☐ LC III ☐ LC I

☒ Calibrator Search Radius

☐ Min V ☐ Max V ☐ Min K ☐ Max K

☐ Simbad Query

☒ Timing Info ☒ Observing Calendar Display ☐ Timing Display ☐ u-v Display

Palomar (PTI) Baseline Selection

☐ Zenith Angle Limit ☐ Delay Limit ☐ Delay Bias

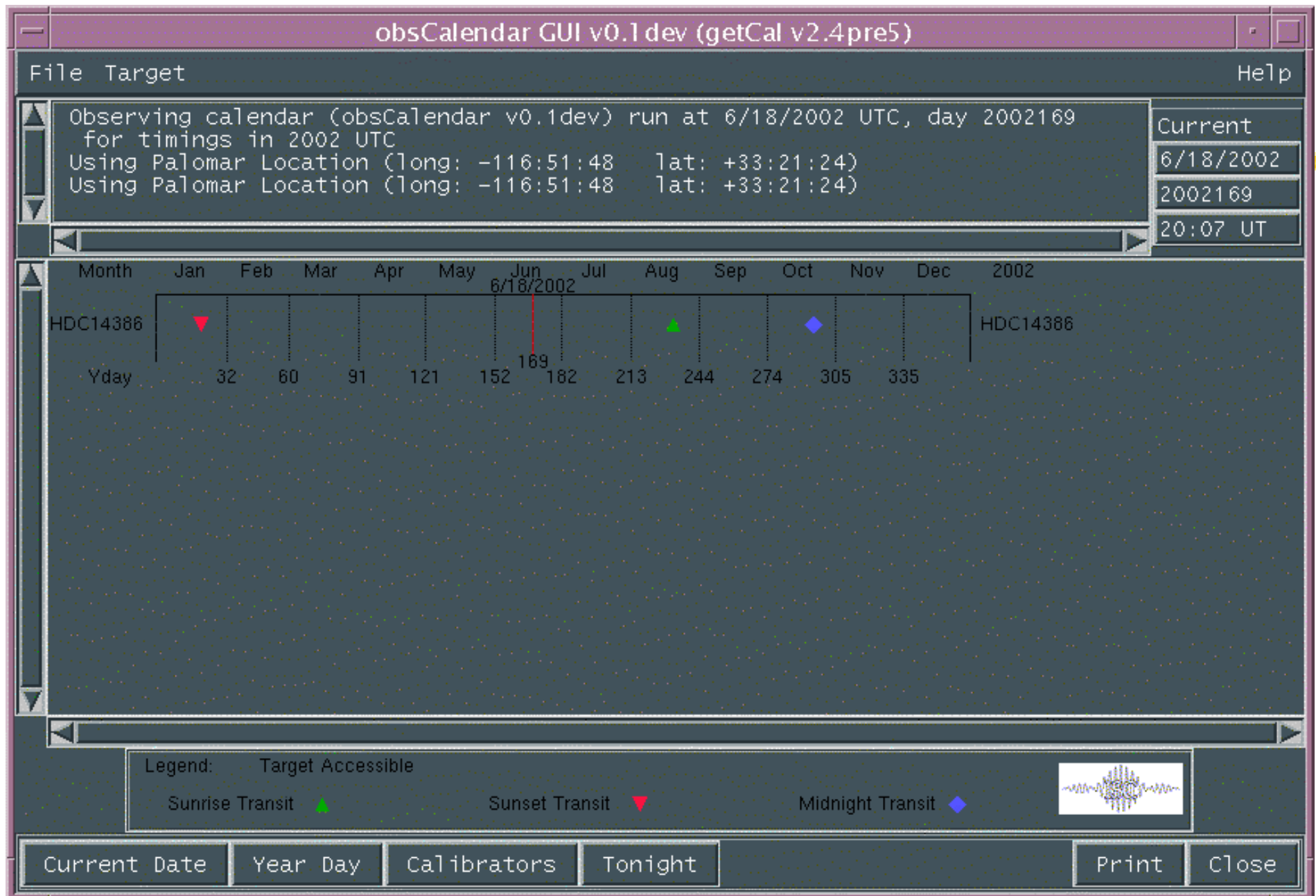
☐ Select Date

☐ fbol diameters

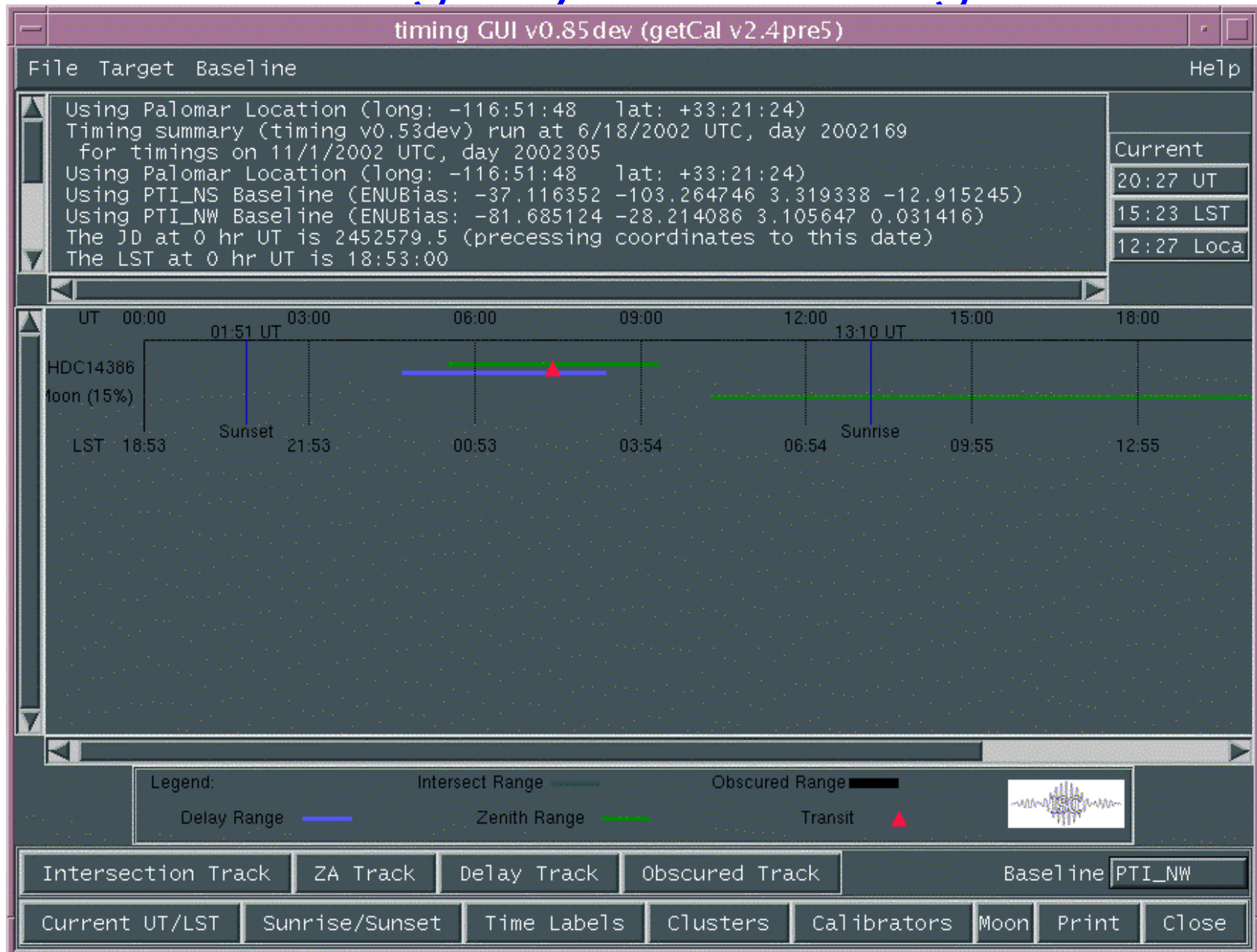
☐ Cal Script Composition ☐ Parallax ☐ Keck sky fmt ☐ xEphem Display



# Annual calendar

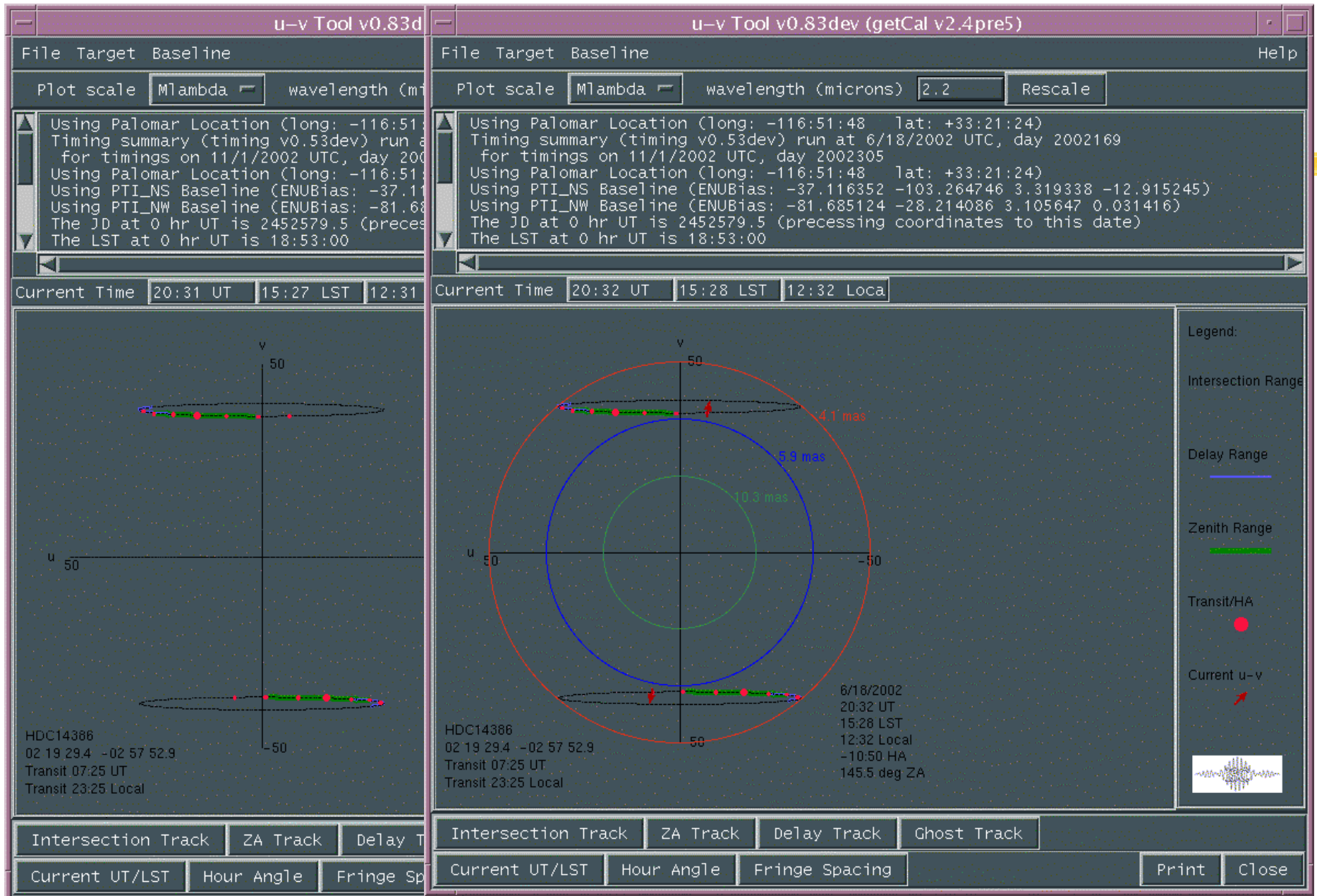


# Nightly scheduling

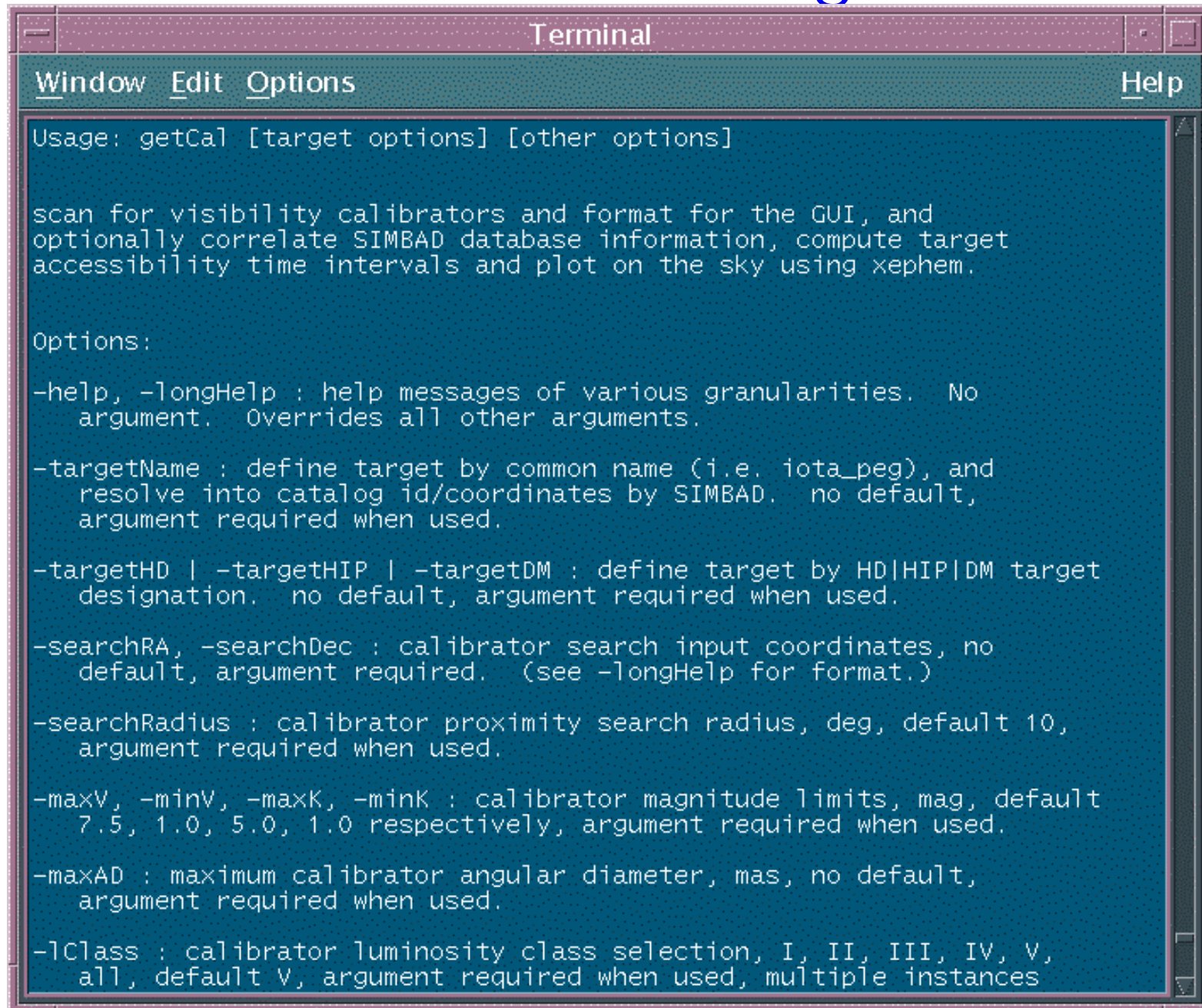




# UV Information



# Command line interface: getCal -help

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Terminal". The window has a menu bar with "Window", "Edit", "Options", and "Help". The main content area displays the help text for the "getCal" command. The text is white on a dark blue background. A yellow highlight is visible on the right side of the terminal window.

```
Usage: getCal [target options] [other options]

scan for visibility calibrators and format for the GUI, and
optionally correlate SIMBAD database information, compute target
accessibility time intervals and plot on the sky using xephem.

Options:

-help, -longHelp : help messages of various granularities.  No
argument.  Overrides all other arguments.

-targetName : define target by common name (i.e. iota_peg), and
resolve into catalog id/coordinates by SIMBAD.  no default,
argument required when used.

-targetHD | -targetHIP | -targetDM : define target by HD|HIP|DM target
designation.  no default, argument required when used.

-searchRA, -searchDec : calibrator search input coordinates, no
default, argument required.  (see -longHelp for format.)

-searchRadius : calibrator proximity search radius, deg, default 10,
argument required when used.

-maxV, -minV, -maxK, -minK : calibrator magnitude limits, mag, default
7.5, 1.0, 5.0, 1.0 respectively, argument required when used.

-maxAD : maximum calibrator angular diameter, mas, no default,
argument required when used.

-lClass : calibrator luminosity class selection, I, II, III, IV, V,
all, default V, argument required when used, multiple instances
```

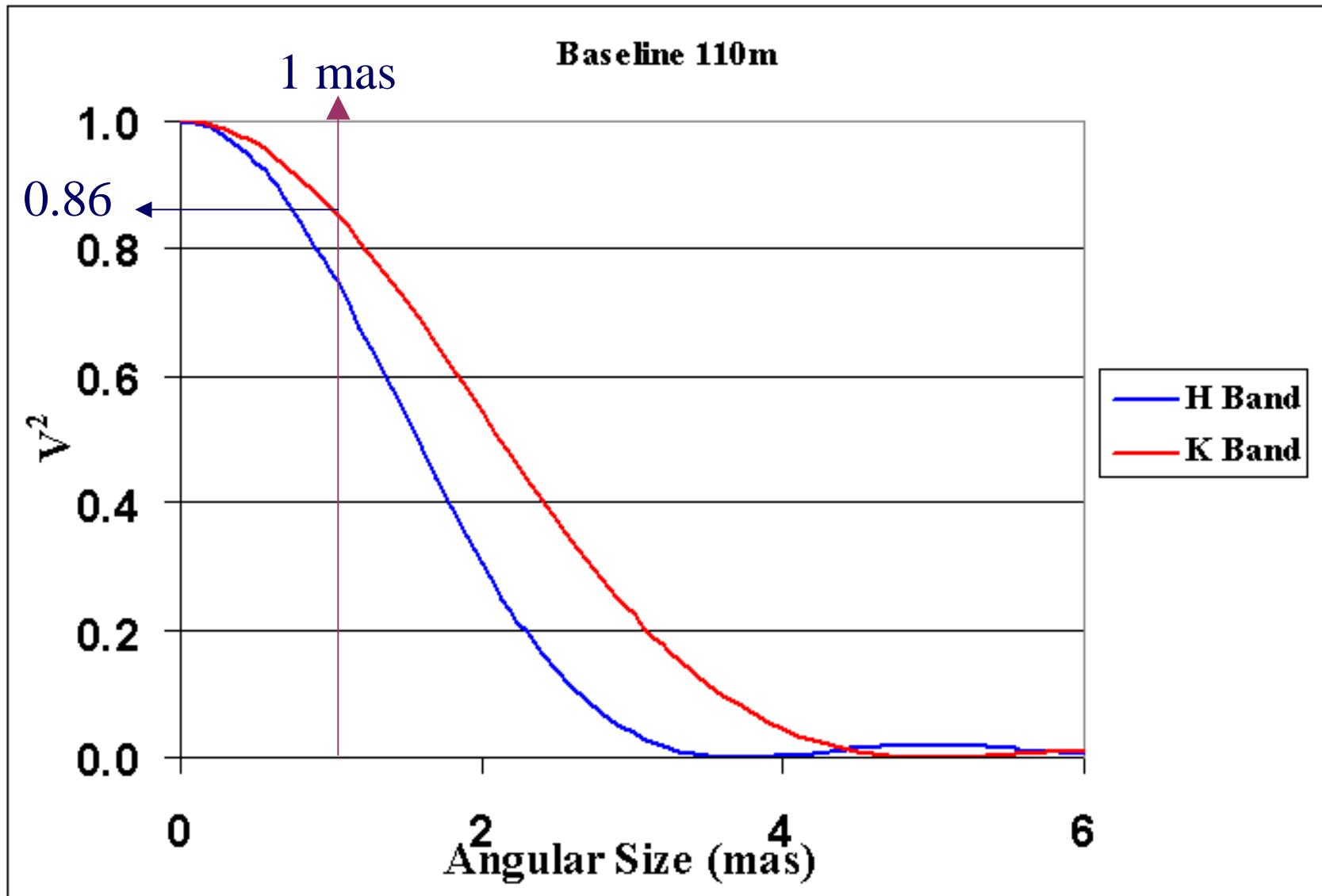
# Target Vetting Criteria



## ⌘ Basic Information

- ☑ Resolved/Unresolved
- ☑ Singular or apparently so  
(Hipparcos/Simbad)
- ☑ Sky coverage - compatibility with target(s)
  - ☒ UV Tracks
  - ☒ Annual availability
- ☑ Magnitude (SNR)

# (Un)resolved sources

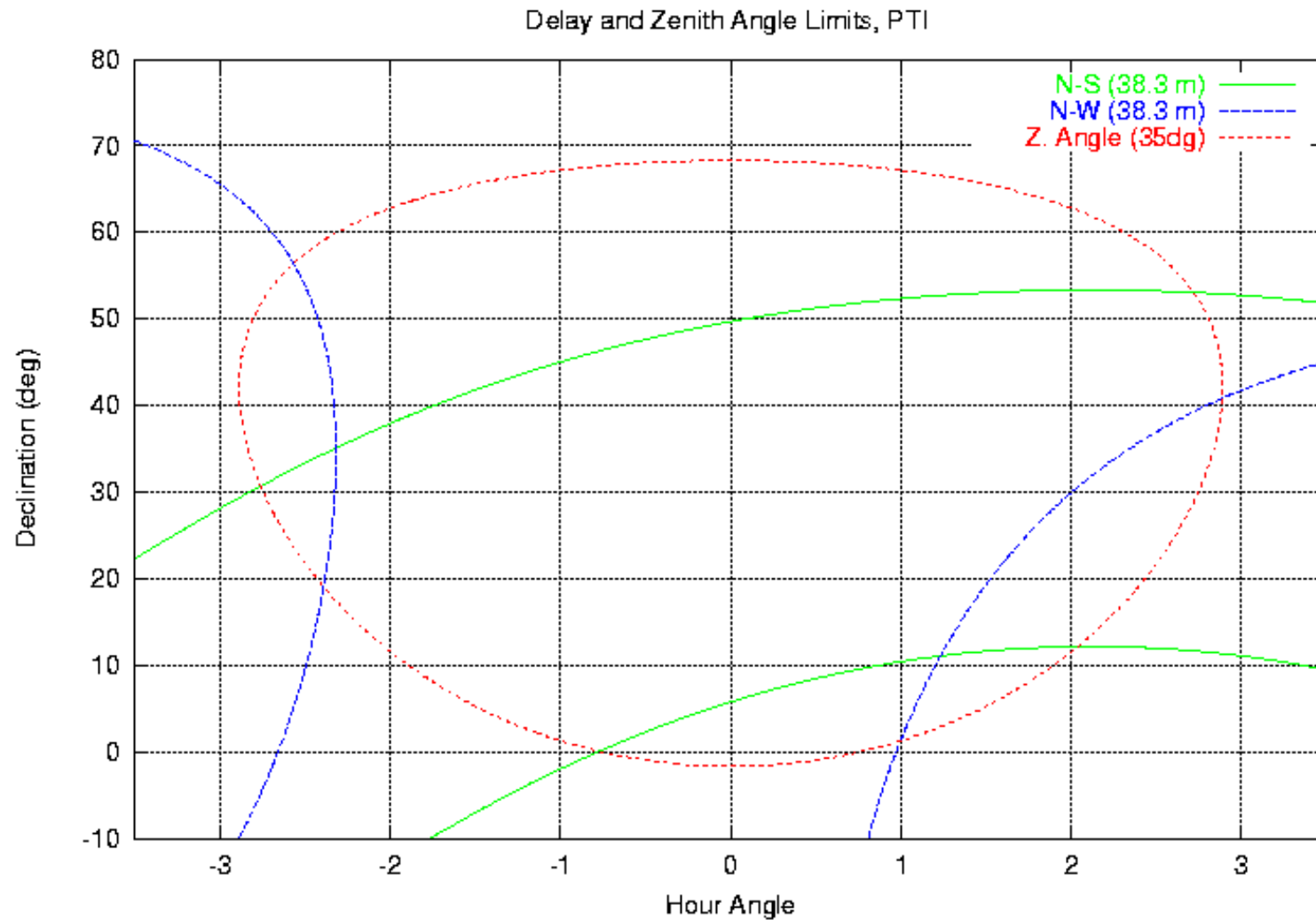




## Hipparcos Flags

- ⌘ Variability (V) - classed as a number depending upon mag. of variations
- ⌘ Orbital solution (O) - orbital soln. found with SMA separation and period
- ⌘ Components solution (C) - individual components in multiple system resolved and separated with PA
- ⌘ Stochastic Motion (X)
- ⌘ Acceleration or higher order terms (G)

# Sky Coverage Limitations



# Magnitude Limits at PTI



⌘ K Band - Reliably acquire data down to about 5th mag. with current dewar

☑ New dewar - have acquired well below 6.5 mag., expect to work reliably close to that range

⌘ H and J bands - About 1-1.5 mag. brighter, depending upon sky conditions

## ☒ Diameter

- ☒ Spectral Type

- ☒ Estimated bolometric flux

## ☒ SIMBAD/ADS - Red Flags

- ☒ Sanity check (SpTy, distance, magnitudes)

- ☒ Variability

- ☒ Double/confused

- ☒ Fast rotator

- ☒ Calibration standard

- ☒ Papers - how many, what types, anything odd

## ☒ Real data - acid test

- ☒ (un)resolved nature

- ☒ nightly and long-term variations

- ☒ SNR, color, other “gotchas”

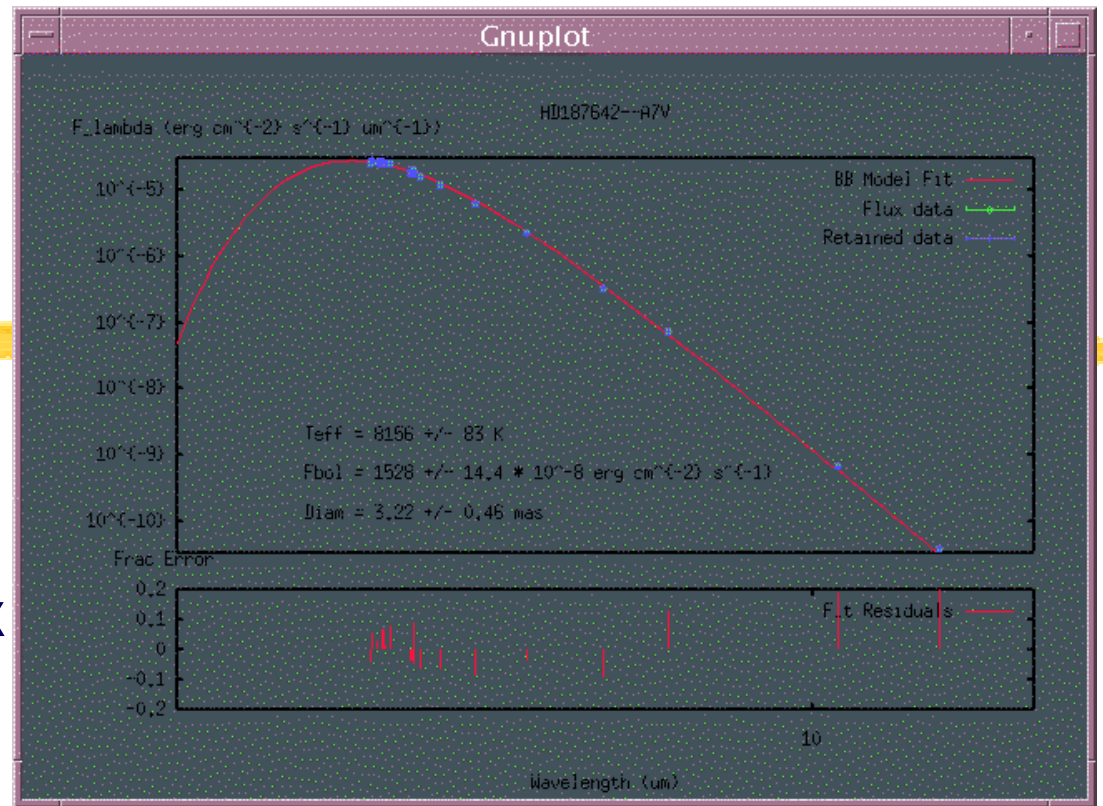
# Experiment 1

## Altair

☑ HD187642, A7IV-V,  
194.95 mas parallax

☑ Photometric fits:  
 $T = 8156 \pm 83 \text{ K}$ ,  
 $3.22 \pm 0.46 \text{ mas}$   
diameter

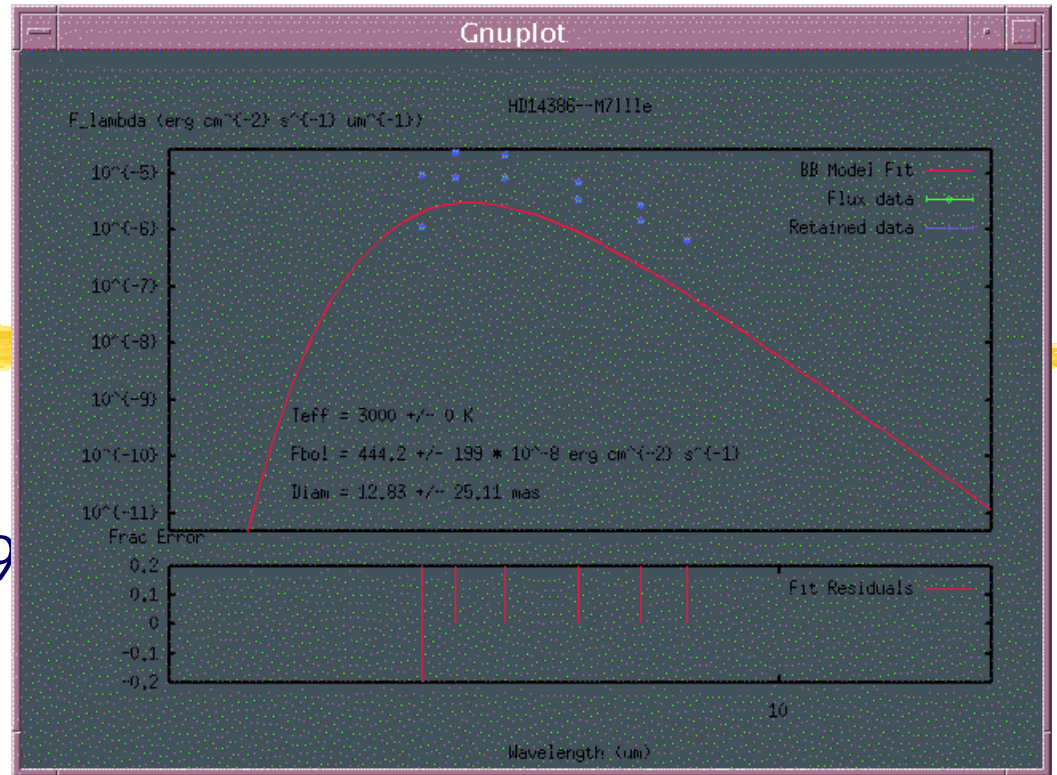
☑ Rapid rotator - we are  
looking for asymmetry  
with respect to hour  
angle



# Experiment 2

## ⌘ Mira

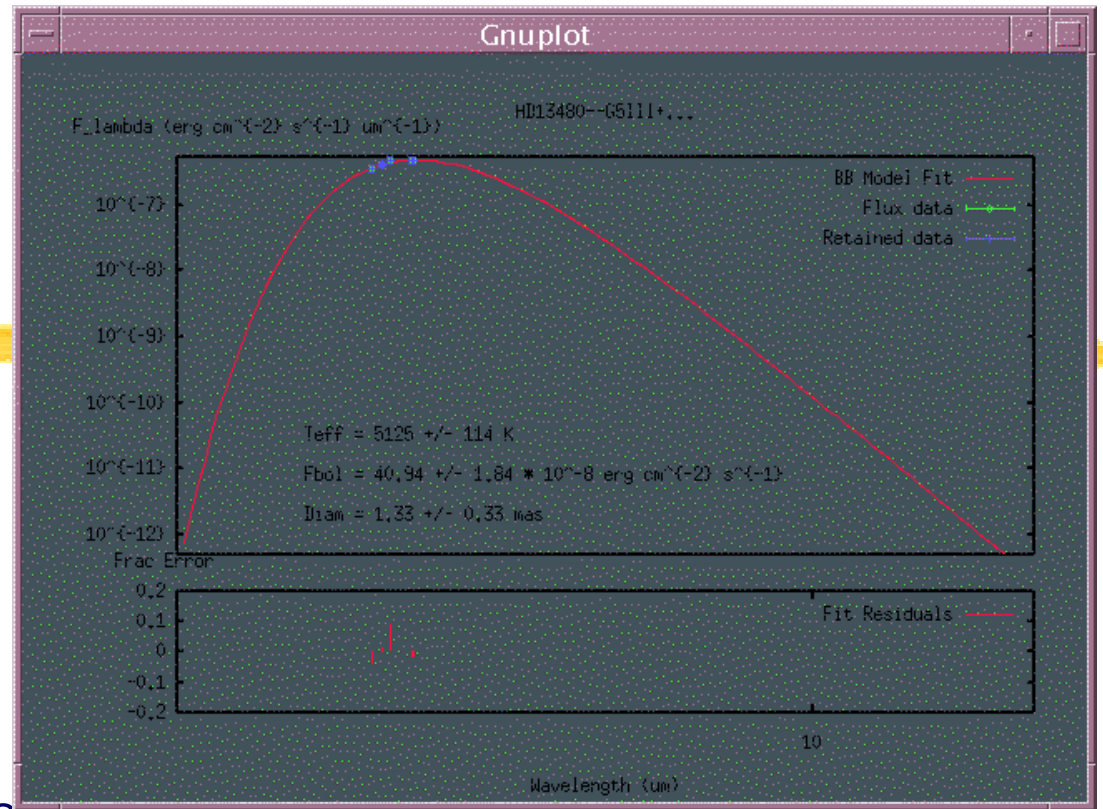
- ☑ HD14386, M7IIIE, 7.79 mas parallax
- ☑ Photometric fits from Fbol are bad...expect temp. around 3000 K
- ☑ Prototype mira variable star ( $R \sim 250R_{\text{sun}}$ )-  
looking for evidence of pulsation with phase



# Experiment 3

## ⌘ TZ Tri

- ☒ HD13480, G5III+,  
10.68 mas parallax
- ☒ Photometric fits  
suggests  $1.33 \pm 0.33$  mas on primary
- ☒ Hipparcos separates 2  
components @  $3.9''$
- ☒ RS CVn type variable  
spectroscopic binary  
for which we want to  
obtain an orbital  
solution



# Lab Time.....





# Altair Options:

⌘ <10° sep., <1.0 mas,  
> 4.5@K, no flags

☒ HD182900, HD183227,  
HD187691, HD188350,  
HD189090, HD189322,  
HD190406

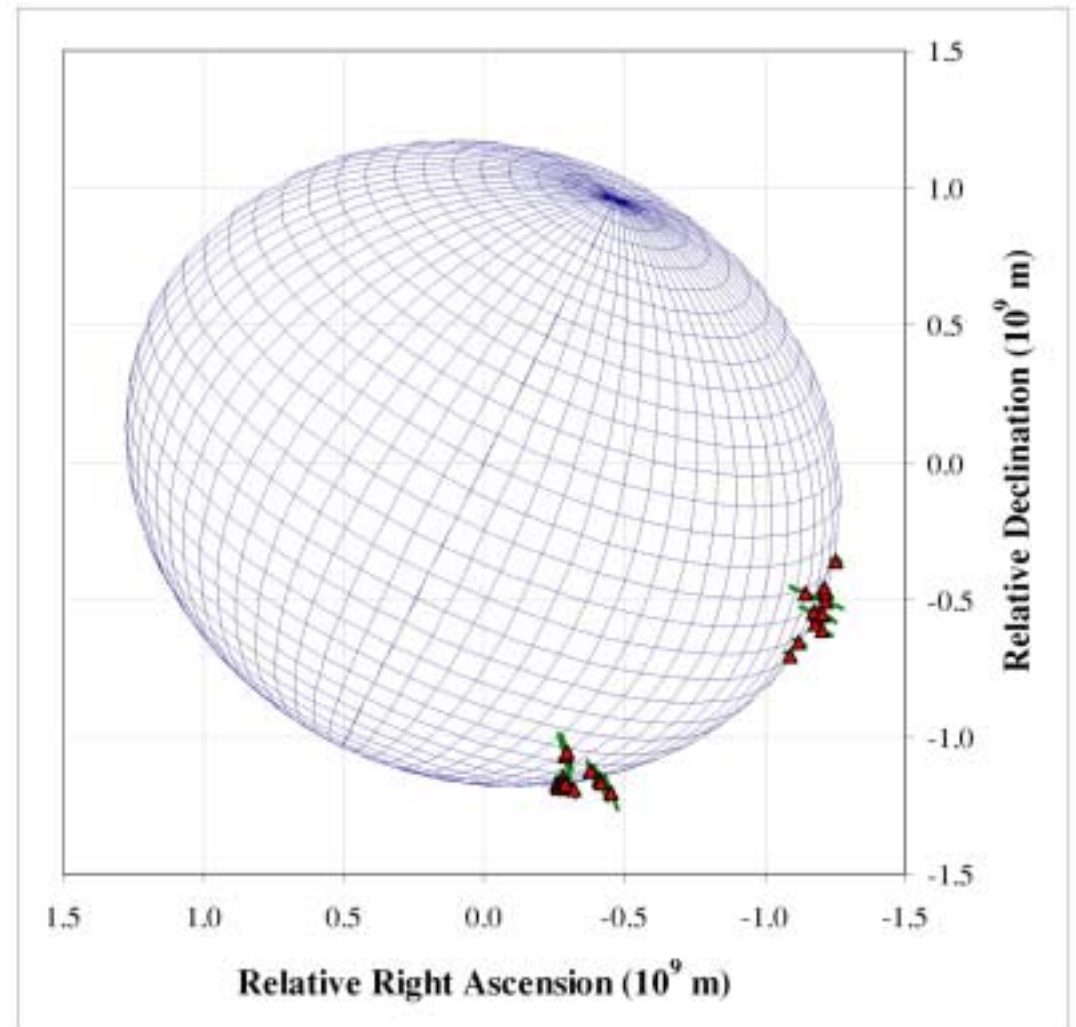
⌘ <10° sep., >1.0 mas,  
> 4.5@K, no flags

☒ HD181122\*, HD183492,  
HD184013, HD187660,  
HD189322\*, HD193373,  
HD194013, HD194937

☒\* = ancillary  
photometric info  
suggests resolved

# Altair choices in practice:

- ⌘ HD187691 - F8V @  $1.6^\circ$   
sep. and about 0.72 mas  
in diameter
- ⌘ HD187923 - G0V @  $2.8^\circ$   
sep. and about 0.55 mas  
in diameter - not on  
original list as it was too  
faint
- ⌘ Comparison to Vega  
rather than nearby  
resolved calibrator
- ⌘ van Belle et al., 2001,  
ApJ, 559, 1155.



# Mira Options:

⌘  $<10^\circ$  sep.,  $<1.0$  mas,  
> 4.6@K, no flags,  
dec no too low

☒ HD12573, HD15004,  
HD15328, HD15633,  
HD16824, HD17616

⌘  $<10^\circ$  sep.,  $<1.0$  mas,  
> 4.5@K, no flags, dec  
no too low

☒ HD12641\*^, HD13468,  
HD14129, HD15694,  
HD15779, HD16400,  
HD17791\*

☒\* = ancillary info.  
suggests larger diameter

☒^ = different SpTy from  
ancillary info - RED FLAG

## Mira note:

⌘ If you used basic info given to date you might have noticed Mira is too large for PTI

$$\square \Theta = d / D \text{ where } d = 500R_{\text{sun}} \text{ \& } D = 128 \text{ pc}$$

$$\square d = 3.5E11\text{m} \text{ \& } 4.0E18\text{m} \text{ \& } 1 \text{ rad} = 206265''$$

$$\square \Theta = 18 \text{ mas}$$

⌘ If you had checked the literature you would have noticed that Ridgway (1992, AJ, 104) observed it to have a size of  $36.1 \pm 1.1$  mas at 2.2 microns

# TZ Tri Options:

⌘ <10° sep., <1.0 mas, > 5.0@K, no flags      ⌘ <10° sep., 1.0-2.0 mas, > 5.0@K, no flags

☑ HD9714, HD10095,  
HD11007, HD12402\*,  
HD12535, HD12638,  
HD13555, HD13691,  
HD14067, HD14055,  
HD14875^, HD15257^\*,  
HD15335, HD15673,  
HD16176, HD16220,  
HD17228, HD18202^

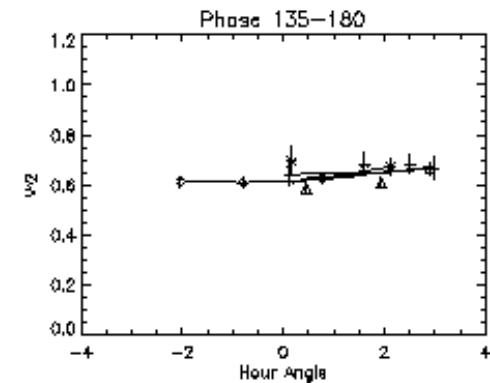
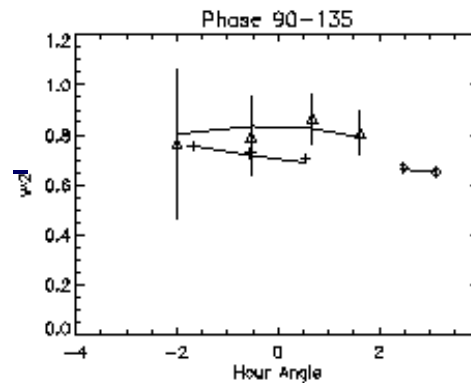
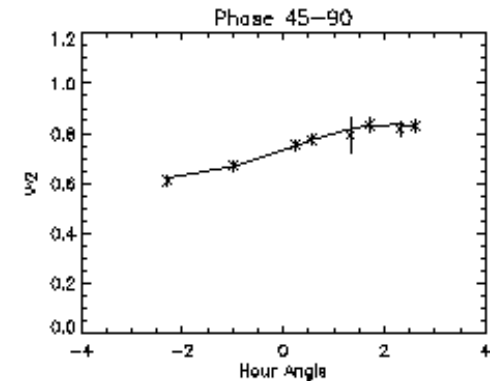
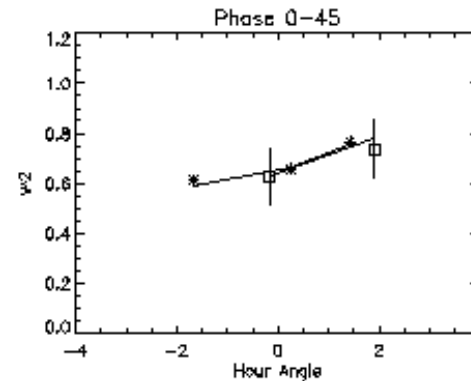
☑ HD10348\*, HD10975,  
HD11453^, HD13363,  
HD13747, HD14969^,  
HD15152, HD15176,  
HD15464, HD17361\*

☑ \* = ancillary info suggests  
different diameter range

☑ ^ = no available  
photometry to estimate size

# TZ Tri choices in practice:

- ⌘ On our list: HD14055 & HD15335
- ⌘ Not on our list: HD18411 (13.3° sep), HD17573 (var), and HD11973 (double)
- ⌘ Data taken before the existence of getCal suite  
all calibrators used were unresolved to PTI
- ⌘ Results: Assuming  $R \sim 0.3$   
@  $2.2\mu\text{m}$ ,  $a = 1.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ mas}$  and  
 $M_{\text{tot}} \leq 1.5 M_{\text{Sun}}$
- ⌘ Koresko et al. 1998, ApJ, 509, L45.



# PTI Collaboration:

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<http://huey.jpl.nasa.gov/palomar/index.html>

# Software:

⌘ This work has made the use of software produced by the Interferometry Science Center at the California Institute of Technology

